**Linked List Advantages:**  
Dynamic memory allocation, easy insert/delete.

**Types:**

* Singly Linked List (one-way)
* Doubly Linked List (two-way)

**Class:**

java

class Task {

int taskId;

String taskName;

String status;

}

class Node {

Task task;

Node next;

Node(Task t) {

task = t;

next = null;

}

}

**Operations:**

* Add: O(1) (at head)
* Search/Traverse/Delete: O(n)

**Advantage:** Flexible size and structure.